

Early intervention with an indoline CD4-mimetic compound that sensitizes HIV-1-infected cells to ADCC favors post-treatment HIV control in humanized mice

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Session: Antibody & Immune based Therapies, Date: 12/13/2024

HIV PFRSISTFNCF



CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

No conflicts of interest to declare.



Role of antibodies in viral infection





Thavarajah JJ et al., Viruses. 2024; Chan KR et al., Expert Rev Anti Infect Ther. 2015



Env Conformational States





Antibody binding sites on the Env

Neutralizing Abs (easy escape) Broadly neutralizing Abs (difficult to elicit, rare)



State1 "closed" conformation

Non-neutralizing Abs (easily elicited in PWH)



State2/3 "open" conformation

Antibodies elicited to HIV-1 envelope over the course of the untreated infection



Euler Z et al., Front Immunol. 2012

Protection from ADCC





Richard J et al., AIDS Res Ther. 2017





Bioorganic & Med Chem, 2011

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Opening of Env is required to allow binding of CD4i Abs involved in ADCC responses



CJF-III-288/CD4i Abs are currently being tested in NHPs as part of the ongoing studies in ERASE collaborators.

Humanized mouse model for HIV-1 that supports antibody effector function







Treatment with CD4mc/CD4i Abs



Effects of CJF-III-288/CD4i Abs cocktail on viral rebound



CJF-III-288/A32/17b Ab





Effects of CJF-III-288/CD4i Ab cocktail on viral rebound





Effects of CJF-III-288/CD4i Ab cocktail on viral rebound



CJF-III-288/A32/17b Ab



-40

-20

120

-

cells

Durable control.....

www.hiv-persistence.com

1

30

45

75

Day post ATI

60

90

105

15

Щ

ΔR

10⁶

10⁵

104

10³

PVL (copies/ml)

Effects of CJF-III-288/ CD4i Ab cocktail on the HIV-1 reservoir



HIV-1 Proviral DNA

CJF-III-288/A32/17b Ab





Impact of Ab Fc-effector function













Treatment with CJF-III-288/CD4i Abs at the time of cART initiation results in durable control of plasma viral loads after cART interruption.

NK cells played a primary role, supporting ADCC effects; but CD8⁺ T cells contributed to continued viral suppression and control of rebound.



Acknowledgements

Caltech

Kumar Lab

<u>Collaborators</u>

Hongil KimCRCHUM, MSrilaksmi Tejaswi BoodapathiAndres FinzNatalia Salazar-QuirrozLorie MarchShawkat Alam MuhammadMedjahed, CJyothi RajashekarImage Salazar

Jyothi Rajashekar Rashi Jindal Yaping Sun Irfan Ullah



CRCHUM, Montreal CA Andres Finzi (Jonathan Richard,

Lorie Marchitto, Halima Medjahed, Catherine Bourassa)

U Penn

Amos B. Smith III (Christopher
Fritschi, Derek Yang, Hung-Ching
Chen, Ta Jung-Chiu)The Rockefeller University
Michel NussenzweigBeatrice Hahn (Frederic Bibollet-
Ruche, Weimin Lu)Yale University
Kurt Schalper (Kishu

Dana Farber Cancer Institute Joseph Sodroski

Gladstone Institutes Nadia Roan (Julie Frouard)

Jackson Laboratories Lenny Shultz Yale University Kurt Schalper (Kish Ranjan) Pradeep Uchil Walther Mothes Ya-Chi Ho Richard Flavell

Pamela Borkman

Emory University Mirko Paiardini (Leonardo Sorrentino, Laurence Marchand, Justin Harper)

U Mass Med, Worcester Michael Brehm, Dale Greiner

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases



Martin Delaney Collaboratories for HIV Cure Research: **UM1AI164562**



